

	INSTITUCION EDUCATIVA LA PRESENTACION				
	NOMBRE ALUMNA:				
	AREA :		HUMANIDADES		
	ASIGNATURA:		INGLES		
	DOCENTE:		ANA LUCIA GOMEZ PLAZAS		
	TIPO DE GUIA:		CONCEPTUAL – EJERCITACION		
	PERIODO	GRADO	N ⁰	FECHA	DURACION
	1	9	1	Marzo 2019	3 UNIDADES

INDICADOR DE DESEMPEÑO
 Identifica el punto de vista del autor por medio de escritos de cualquier tipo.

Read carefully the following article

Alcohol and the Family

- Alcoholism is a disease of the family. Not only is there a significant genetic component that is passed from generation to generation, but the drinking problems of a single family member affect all other family members. The family environment and genetics can perpetuate a vicious and destructive cycle.
- Many marriages break up over a husband’s or wife’s drinking. Domestic violence typically erupts when one or both spouses have been drinking, and drinking makes domestic violence more dangerous.
- Families play a critical role in recovery from alcoholism. They can be instrumental in encouraging a family member with alcoholism to seek treatment. Strong family support also increases the chances for successful recovery.

Alcoholism and Problem Drinking Pervasive in Family Life

- More than half of adults have a close family member who has had alcoholism or is still dealing with alcoholism.
- Approximately one in four children younger than 18 is exposed to alcoholism or problem drinking in the family.

A Factor in Many Serious Family Problems

- Separated and divorced men and women are three times as likely to say their spouse was alcoholic or had a drinking problem than men and women who are still married.
- Some 75 percent of husbands or wives who abuse their spouses have been drinking prior to or at the time of the abuse.
- Women who have heavy drinking husbands or partners are at higher risk for developing their own drinking problems.
- Each year between 1,200 and 8,800 babies are born with the physical signs and intellectual disabilities associated with fetal alcohol syndrome (FAS), and thousands more experience the somewhat lesser disabilities of fetal alcohol effects. FAS is the leading preventable cause of mental retardation in the United States.
- Children of alcoholics are at high risk for developing problems with alcohol and other drugs; they often do poorly at school, live with pervasive tension and stress, have high levels of anxiety and depression and experience coping problems.

Underage Drinking Challenges American Youth

- First use of alcohol typically begins around age 13. By their senior year, 64 percent of high school students say they have been drunk at least once; 33 percent say they have been drunk in the past month.
- Among teenagers between the ages of 12 and 17 who say they drink heavily (five or more drinks on five or more occasions in the past month); 77 percent had at least one serious

problem related to drinking in the past year; 63 percent had built up tolerance to the effects of alcohol; 20 percent reported psychological problems related to their drinking; 12 percent reported health problems related to their drinking.

- Teenagers who drink heavily are more likely to cut class or skip school, perform poorly in school, take sexual risks, and commit suicide. Heavy drinking increases the likelihood of delinquent and violent behavior including running away from home, fighting, vandalizing property, stealing and getting arrested.

Attitudes in the Home Influence Youth Drinking

- Even in families where alcoholism isn't present, permissive attitudes about alcohol can have a profound impact on youth. Though far more kids drink than use illicit drugs, parents are more likely to excuse getting drunk as a "rite of passage." Unless a car is involved, some just don't take it seriously.
- Parents who drink and who have favorable attitudes about alcohol encourage children to start drinking and to keep drinking.
- Drinking by older siblings can influence the alcohol use of younger siblings, particularly for same-sex siblings.

ACTIVITY

Desarrollar la guía en hojas tamaño carta.

1. Read the text carefully.
2. Write the principal idea of the text.
3. Name four problems because of alcohol.
4. What do you think about alcohol in teens? Argumentative answer, use connectors.
5. Underline the prepositions of the text with a blue color pencil.
6. Underlined the verbs in past tense with green color pencil.
7. What do you think is the message of the article? Argumentative answer, use connectors.
8. Do you know any person that has alcohol problems? How is his/her behavior? Argumentative answer, use connectors.
9. how do you prevent alcohol consumism?.Argumentative answer, use connectors.
10. Choose 20 unknown words from the text and write their definition.

ENJOY ENGLISH